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RFID-Enabled Healthcare Applications, Issues and Benefits: An Archival Analysis (1997–2011)

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Abstract In this paper, a comprehensive review of articles published between 1997 and 2011 in the Journal of Medical Systems (JMS) on RFID technology is presented. A total of 22 papers are analyzed using a classification framework that has three dimensions: RFID-enabled healthcare applications, RFID-enabled healthcare issues, and RFID-enabled healthcare benefits. In addition, an invitation sent to all authors of the papers accepted for the special issue on RFID for the JMS allows them to position their various papers within the classification framework. Finally, a list of future research directions is presented.

Keywords RFID technology \cdot Healthcare \cdot RFID applications \cdot RFID issues \cdot RFID benefits \cdot Literature review

Introduction

The healthcare sector is currently facing tremendous challenges including: ageing population, management of multiple stakeholders for services delivery, and high operating costs. For example, the U.S. healthcare expenses are expected to grow from 5% of the country gross national product (GNP) [27] to almost 20% of the GNP by 2017 [48]. One way of overcoming these challenges is the adoption and effective use of information and communications technology (ICT) to support healthcare activities [11]. Indeed, "the need for new ways to providing more efficient health care

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S. Fosso Wamba Rouen Business School, Rouen, France services, coupled with major advancements in information and communications technology, have resulted in the increased use of the information and communications technology (ICT) applications over the past decade" (p. 1) [46]. For example, ICT has been used to support a range of healthcare-related activities such as: the access to patient record transactions [25] for better decision making. Also, ICT can facilitate the tracking and tracing of blood bags and the monitoring of drug allergies [9], and therefore reduce healthcare costs and improve outcomes [11].

Recently, radio frequency identification (RFID) technology, a 'wireless automatic identification and data capture (AIDC)' technology (p. 615) [15] has emerged as a multidimensional innovation [13] that can accelerate the transformation of healthcare processes [30,33]. However, RFID technology is not that complex. Any basic RFID system has three main subsystems: (a) a tag, which can be embedded in or attached to a physical product to be tracked and traced; (b) a reader and its antennas, which interact with the tag without requiring a line of sight; and (c) a middleware, which is in charge of managing the system, filtering RFID data, aggregating RFID data, and interacting with intra- and inter-organisational information systems to support intra- and inter-organisational business transactions [14]. Paradoxically, RFID is not a new technology. Its first industrial application was during the World War II by the British army to identify its combat planes. RFID offers more capabilities in comparison with traditional AIDCs (e.g. bar coding); they include communication without the line of sight, unique item-level product identification, multiple tag item product reading, enhanced data storage capability, and data read-and-write capabilities. The effective adoption and use of RFID technology is expected to transform intra- and inter-organisational business processes, thus allowing intra- and inter-firms business process innovation, real-time data collection and sharing at the supply chain level, business analytics and improved decision making.

Dimension	Focus
Applications	
Asset management	Centered on applications related to the tracking and tracing of critical healthcare assets (e.g., asset identification, blood bags identification in hospitals to ensure blood type matching, medicine tracking, provision of e-Pedigree, real-time inventory count, and location tracking and tissue bank operations).
Patient management	Centered on the improvement of patients management within the healthcare supply chain (e.g., accurate patient identification, critical information to the patient, dementia outpatients tracking and tracing, tracking and tracing of hospitals for patient flow monitoring, and tracking of drugs supplies and procedures performed on each patient).
Staff management	Centered on applications such as better staff time utilization, improved error prevention, improved labor productivity, reduced processing time, staff identification, staff monitoring, staff tracking, and workflow optimization in hospitals.
Issues	
Technological issues	Covered issues such as the lack of required wireless infrastructure within healthcare facilities to support RFID- enabled healthcare projects, the potential interference of RFID systems with medical equipments, the difficulty to clearly define the scope of RFID-enabled healthcare projects, and the technical realization of such projects.
Data management, security and privacy issues	Covered issues such as RFID data integrity and reliability, management of huge amounts of data generated by RFID systems, RFID-enabled business intelligence.
Organizational and financing issues	Covered issues such as the lack of cost-benefit analysis frameworks for RFID-enabled healthcare projects, the cost of RFID system, change management, training, and skills to support emerging healthcare processes, integration of RFID with healthcare organizational complexity, culture and norms.
Benefits	
Efficiency gains	Covered benefits such as capital expense reduction, inventory reduction, operating cost reduction, labor cost savings, increased patient management.
Quality gains	Covered benefits resulting from improvements on patient care quality, such as the elimination of wrong patient and wrong medication errors, the elimination of wrong patient and wrong procedure errors; as well as gains from an improved coordination between healthcare stakeholders.
Management gains	Covered benefits such as improved compliance with various regulations, the reduction of insurance premiums, the improvement of process and event audit capacity, and improved forecasting capacity.

Table 1 Classification framework, developed from [43]

In the specific context of the healthcare sector, RFID technology-compared to bar coding, another AIDC widely used in the healthcare-offers a better means for patient identification, tracking, and tracing [12,17]. The technology is even considered as a viable solution that will solve major problems in patient care, including order errors, adverse drug effects and allergies issues, patient-medication mismatches,



Fig. 1 Distribution of articles by year of publication (search done on September 2011: 1997–2011)

and medication dosage errors [16,20,26,33,38,40]. Despite these advantages, the rate of adoption and effective use of RFID technology is still significantly low within the healthcare sector. For example, a recent review of academic articles on RFID technology by [29] noted that the highest frequency of peer-reviewed articles on RFID technology was concerned with the retail sector (17.8%). Indeed, they found that only 3.6% of the papers focused on applications and issues related to the healthcare sector. This study therefore represents the first attempt to bridge this knowledge gap, by attaining the following objectives:

- 1. Develop a conceptual framework for the classification of articles dealing with RFID applications and issues in the healthcare.
- 2. Use the conceptual framework to classify and summarize all relevant articles.
- Develop future research directions where the deployment and use of RFID technology is likely to transform the healthcare sector.

The rest of this paper is structured as follows. Section Methodology presents the research methodology and the classification framework. Section Results and Table 2 Distributions of articles by applications

Application areas	Number of articles	
Asset management	5	
Patient management	13	
Staff management	11	

discussion presents the results and discusses the key findings. Finally, Section Conclusion and future research directions provides the conclusion including future research directions.

Methodology

The main objective of this study is to assess the current level of papers written on the deployment and use of RFID technology in the healthcare that have been published in the Journal of Medical Systems (JMS) with the aim of highlighting the contribution of papers included in the "Special issue on radio frequency identification in the healthcare sector: applications, issues and benefits", and thus discussing future research directions. The study follows a methodology similar to the one used by [31], which consists in developing a classification framework, and then conducting a comprehensive review within the journal of papers dealing with RFID technology using the descriptors "RFID technology" or "RFID". This comprehensive review provides a base to understand current RFID-enabled healthcare research [31]. A classification framework based on a study by [43] was created and has three dimensions (Table 1): RFID-enabled healthcare applications (e.g., asset management, patient management and staff management), RFID-enabled healthcare issues (e.g., technological, data management, security and privacy, and organizational and financing issues), and RFID-enabled healthcare benefits (e.g., efficiency, quality and management gains). Finally, an invitation was sent to all authors of the papers accepted for the special issue on RFID so as to enable them to position their various papers within the classification framework (Table 6).

The preliminary search resulted in 38 articles. After a careful analysis of the content of each paper, a total of 22 papers were finally retained and analyzed using the classification framework.

Table 3 Distributions of articles by issues	Type of issues	Number of articles
	Technological issues	8
	Data management, security and privacy issues	15
	Organizational and financing issues	2

Table 4Distributionsof articles by benefits	Type of benefits	Number of articles
	Efficiency gains	10
	Quality gains	5
	Management gains	1

Results and discussion

I now present and discuss the results of the comprehensive review within the Journal of Medical Systems of papers dealing with RFID technology. First of all, it should be noted that an article may discuss several dimensions of the classification model.

Figure 1 presents the distribution of articles by year of publication. There was only one paper published on RFID technology in 2003, 2008 and 2009, with a substantial increase in 2010 (27% of all publications or 6 articles), and a jump to 59% (13 articles) of the overall publications by September 2011.

Table 2 shows the distribution of articles by applications. So far, the highest number of published articles is concerned with the "patient management" areas (13 articles), followed by "staff management" (11 articles), and "asset management" (5 articles).

The distribution of articles by RFID-enabled healthcare issues is shown in Table 3. Clearly, the most highly published RFID-enabled healthcare issues are related to "data management, security and privacy issues" (15 articles), followed by RFID-enabled healthcare technological issues (8 articles). Only 2 articles deal with RFID-enabled healthcare organizational and financing issues.

Table 4 shows the distribution of articles by RFID-enabled healthcare benefits. The highest number of published articles deal with the "efficiency gains" enabled by RFID adoption and use in the healthcare (10 articles), as well as "quality gains" (5 articles). Only 1 article deals with "management gains".

Table 5 presents all the articles that are being reviewed in this study using the classification framework. Table 6 shows the distribution of papers included in the JMS's special issue on RFID. Clearly, the most highly discussed applications areas are "asset management" and "patient management" with 5 articles each, while 4 articles deal with "staff management". With regard to RFID-enabled healthcare issues, the most highly discussed issue is "organizational and financing issues" (4 articles), followed by "technological issues" (3 articles). Only 1 article specifically deals with "data management, security and privacy issues". For RFID-enabled healthcare benefits, the most highly discussed benefit is "efficiency gains" (6 articles), followed by "quality gains" (5 articles), and 2 articles for "management gains". Clearly, this special issue partially fills the gap identified in the literature.

Туре	Reference	
Applications		
Asset management	[5,32,35,39,51]	
Patient management	[5,7,19,21,23,35-37,39,42,47,49,51]	
Staff management	[5,21,23,32,35-37,39,42,49,51]	
Issues		
Technological issues	[10,28,32,35,36,39,41,42]	
Data management, security and privacy issues	[5-7,10,19,24,28,35,36,39,45,47,49-51]	
Organizational and financing issues	[36,39]	
Benefits		
Efficiency gains	[5,21,32,35-37,39,42,49,51]	
Quality gains	[7,37,42,49,51]	
Management gains	[49]	

For example, the number of articles from the JMS's special issue on RFID that discussed respectively the application area "asset management" and the RFID-enabled healthcare benefit "quality gains" is equivalent to the number of all articles dealing with "asset management" and "quality gain" that were published in the journal from 1997 to 2011—that is, 5. The number of articles dealing with "organizational and financing issues" and "quality gains" is the double of the articles that are currently published in the journal.

Conclusion and future research directions

In this paper, the results of comprehensive review of papers dealing with RFID technology within the Journal of Medical Systems were presented and discussed. The review was guided by a classification framework with three dimensions: RFID-enabled healthcare applications, RFIDenabled healthcare issues, and RFID-enabled healthcare benefits. The review showed that in 2003, 2008 and 2009, there was only one paper published on RFID technology. However, in 2010, there was a substantial increase in articles on RFID technology (6 articles or 27% of all publications), with a jump to 59% (13 articles) of the overall publications by September 2011. The analysis of articles on RFID-enabled healthcare applications shows that the highest number of published articles is concerned with the "patient management" areas (13 articles), followed by "staff management" (11 articles), and "asset management" (5 articles). As for the articles on RFID-enabled healthcare issues, the most highly published RFID-enabled healthcare issues are related to "data management, security and privacy issues" (15 articles), followed by RFID-enabled healthcare technological issues (8 articles). Only 2 articles deal with RFID-enabled healthcare organizational and financing issues. The analysis of articles on RFID-enabled healthcare benefits shows that the highest number of published articles deal with the "efficiency gains" enabled by RFID adoption and use in the healthcare (10 articles), as well as "quality gains" (5 articles). However, only 1 article deals with "management gains". Finally, the analysis of articles included in the special issue on RFID of the JMS

Туре	Number of articles	Reference
Applications		
Asset management	5	[1,2,22,34,44]
Patient management	5	[1,3,4,22,44]
Staff management	4	[1,8,22,44]
Issues		
Technological issues	3	[4,8,44]
Data management, security and privacy issues	1	[18]
Organizational and financing issues	4	[1,3,22,34]
Benefits		
Efficiency gains	6	[1,2,4,22,34,44]
Quality gains	5	[1,3,8,22,44]
Management gains	2	[1,22]

Table 6 Classification ofpapers accepted in the specialissue on RFID of the JMS

shows that the most highly discussed applications areas are "asset management" and "patient management" with 5 articles each, while 4 articles deal with "staff management". With regard to RFID-enabled healthcare issues, the most highly discussed issue is "organizational and financing issues" (4 articles), followed by "technological issues" (3 articles). Only 1 article specifically deals with "data management, security and privacy issues". For RFIDenabled healthcare benefits, the most highly discussed benefit is "efficiency gains" (6 articles), followed by "quality gains" (5 articles); there are 2 articles for "management gains". While this special issue partially fills the gap identified in the literature, a better assessment of the impact of RFID technology within the healthcare sector requires more research. For example, future research topics may include an exploration of the network effect of RFID technology within all healthcare value chain activities, an analysis of the key technical and business challenges of integrating RFID technology within the whole healthcare value chain, and an exploration of key technological enablers and inhibitors of RFID-enabled healthcare applications. Other expectations from further research are: an investigation on how RFID technology can facilitate the optimization of healthcare processes for better patient service and healthcare cost reduction; and a better analysis of RFID-enabled healthcare issues. For example, digging into the best strategy to protect RFID-enabled patient data is a promising research area. So goes with an exploration of RFID-enabled healthcare business analytics.

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